

My wife and I want to have a long and happy future together. So when I learned I was at risk for developing diabetes, I knew preventing type 2 diabetes had to become a priority.

The Diabetes Prevention Program taught me how to lose weight, be more physically active, and reduce stress. And my doctor said it's making a difference.

I plan to stay healthy for a long time. You can do it, too – join the program today!

Mondays, starting April 1 noon - 1 p.m.

Tillamook Family YMCA 610 Stillway Ave.; Tillamook

Register Now!

Call the Aging and Disability
Resource Connection
1-866-206-4799









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COULD YOU HAVE PREDIABETES?

Prediabetes Risk (Screening) Test

Prediabetes means your blood glucose (sugar) is higher than normal, but not yet diabetes. Diabetes is a serious disease that can cause heart attack, stroke, blindness, kidney failure, or loss of feet or legs. Type 2 diabetes can be delayed or prevented in people with prediabetes through effective lifestyle programs. Take the first step. Find out your risk for prediabetes. *If you've been diagnosed with diabetes, this test isn't for you.*

WRITE YOUR SCORE

	IN THE BOX.			
1 How old are you	2			
Less than 40 years (<i>O points</i>)				
40–49 years (1 po				
50–59 years (2 po				
60 years or older	(3 points)			
2 Are you a man or a woman?				
Man (1 point)	Woman (0 points)			
•	an, have you ever been			
diagnosed with g	gestational diabetes?			
Yes (1 point)	No (0 points)			
	other, father, sister or betes?			
Yes (1 point)	No (0 points)			
	een diagnosed with high			
Yes (1 point)	No (0 points)			
6 Are you physically active?				
Yes (0 points)				
What is your wei	ght category?			
If you scored 5	or higher: ADD UP YOUR SCORE.			
However, only your d	isk for having type 2 diabetes. octor can tell for sure if you tes or prediabetes. Talk to			
* *	re common in African Americans, tive Americans, Asian Americans, and			

Height	Weight (pounds)			
4′ 10″	119–142	143–190	191+	
4′11″	124–147	148–197	198+	
5′0″	128–152	153-203	204+	
5′1″	132–157	158–210	211+	
5′2″	136–163	164–217	218+	
5′3″	141–168	169–224	225+	
5′4″	145–173	174–231	232+	
5′5″	150–179	180–239	240+	
5′6″	155–185	186–246	247+	
5′7″	159–190	191–254	255+	
5′8″	164–196	197–261	262+	
5′9″	169–202	203–269	270+	
5′ 10″	174–208	209–277	278+	
5′ 11″	179–214	215–285	286+	
6′0″	184–220	221–293	294+	
6′1″	189–226	227-301	302+	
6′2″	194–232	233–310	311+	
6′3″	200–239	240-318	319+	
6′4″	205–245	246–327	328+	
	1 point	2 points	3 points	
	If you weigh less than the amount in the left column: <i>0 points</i>			

If you are at risk of type 2 diabetes, your health insurance may cover a lifestyle change program to help. Find out if you qualify:

CALL **866-691-3469**VISIT **solera4me.com/healthinsight**

Higher body weight increases diabetes risk for everyone. Asian Americans are at increased diabetes risk at lower body weight than the rest of the general public (about 15 pounds lower).

Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders.